## **MUST GO AFTER IT**

HOW KANSAS CITY CAN GET CEN-TRAL AMERICAN TRADE.

CONSUL E. R. HEATH TALKS

UNLIMITED POSSIBILITIES OPEN TO CAPITAL.

Dr. Heath Represents Honduras, Nica ragua and Salvador and He Knows Those Countries Thoroughly-Tips for Business Men.

Dr. E. R. Heath has received news that his appointment as consul by the Greater Republic of Central America has been ratified by the republics of Honduras, Nica ragua and Salvador. The Greater Republic was a short lived institution, but at its dissolution the various states individually ratified the old consuls, so they still hold their old positions. Dr. Heath has spent many years in traveling through South and Central America. He has crossed the South American continent three times, and the Andes twenty-two times, and has explored a great deal of South America. He is an enthusiast in regard to the possibilities in commercial ways in the South, and predicts a great future for the city that is energetic enough to obtain the trade of the Central American states.
"At present," said Dr. Heath, "most of

the commerce between Central America and the United States is carried on by way of San Francisco, and it takes twelve days to reach the nearest Central American port. Kansas corn is shipped in large quantities over this route, and is sold there for \$2 or 33 a bushel in United States money. Little or no corn is raised there, but all is imported. The Indian laborers all receive their ration of corn, hull it with slaked lime mash it and make it into biscuitwhich are toasted on hot stones, and which, with red peppers, form their main food. One year I had charge of a plantation there, and, our corn supply having run out, we had to feed the natives meats, vege-tables and canned goods. They stood it but a short while, mutinying in a few days because they had no corn. The question now arises, why do they not raise corn there? Simply because, where \$30 or \$40 an acre might be made off corn, \$300 or \$400 can be made off coffee, chocolate, small fruits and other things.

"Now the thing for our grainmen to do is to work up this trade for Kansas City. At present there is no method of transpor-tation, but plans are proposed to establish a line of steamers from Gulf, United States ports to the Central American ports.

This once established, there are several ways of getting to the interior. In Guatemala by railroad, from Puerto Barrios, to San Augustin, from where all the southern interior is open by first-class roads; or goods may be sent by steamer to Livingston, thence up Lake Yzabal and Rio Palochie to Pazos, and by mule to Coban, whence is open the northern part of the country. Honduras is open on the east by railroad from Puerto Cortez to San Peto Comayagua and Tegucigalpa, the capital, thus opening up, the entire state to the Eastern trade. Salvador has an outlet through Zacapa. The work for Kansas City capitalists lies in the establishment of the Gulf steamship line. When this is once accomplished, the trade possibilities of Kansas City will be almost unlimited. We would have somewhat of a monopoly, having a direct haul by railroad to the Gulf, and then by steamer to Central American ports. We would be much nearer than either the Eastern or Western coast towns, and would have the advantage both as to time and cheapness of transportation. The governments have put corn on the free list, and immense fortunes lie in the shipment of corn from here.

Opportunities in Guatemala. to Comayagua and Tegucigalpa, the cap-

Opportunities in Guatemala.

"The agricultural opportunities in Guatemala are wonderful, especially for small fruits. It has all the advantages of California, with the additional certainty that there will be no frosts. The fruits may also be dried easily by the sun in the dry season, and thus be prepared for shipment easily. It is one of the richest and prettiest countries imaginable. Our wealthy people might have their estates down there—their vilias—where they could raise flowers, coffee, rubber, chocolate, orchids, which grow luxuriantly, or follage plants. The ferns in the valleys are wonderful for their variety and beauty. I have seen the caladium with leaves eleven feet across. They could much more than make the expenses of a winter trip and sojourn of the products of the farm.

"The most that is being done now to my knowledge by Kansas City capitalists is in minling. The line of mountains extending between Honduras and Guatemala is very fruits. It has all the advantages of Cal-

rich in gold. A Kansas City company is now there locating a plant, and is push-ing the work. Placer mining is being done now, but undoubtedly the veins will be struck when the work is developed more. "Another great opportunity for capitalists lies in the cattle raising industry in Honduras. The pasture lands there are wonderfully rich. The soil, climate and high, luxuriant and nutritive grasses are extremely favorable for the business. No forst injures the grass, no snow or hard winters injure the herds and no fierce storms scatter them in this land of perpetual spring and summer, watered by bounteous streams and rendered fertile by refreshing showers. For centuries cattle have ranged on the mesas and plains and all that is needed is the introduction of improved blood to raise the standard of the

all that is needed is the introduction of improved blood to raise the standard of the animals to the very highest. With improved methods of treatment they would be made very valuable.

"Honduras is in the hands of an American syndicate which has charge of the customs, and there is no chance for a revolution and all the energies can be turned to the advancement of the country.

turned to the advancement of the country.

"Up to this time but few efforts have been made by Kansas City capital to extend trade to Central America. It has been confined almost entirely to the shipment of horses and mules and some packing house products. It has been rumored lately that one of the railroads running to the Guif is negotiating for the purchase of the Northern railroad, of Guatemala, with the purpose of placing a line of steamers between Guif and Central American ports. If this should come about it will give unbounded opportunities for Kansas City capitalists to make safe and profitable investments. The Central American states are knocking at the doors of Kansas City and St. Louis. We have the agricultural resources, the resources to furnish cattle and mules; we have what they want and thay have they want and they have they want and they have they want and

and St. Louis. We have the agricultural resources, the resources to furnish cattle and mules; we have what they want and they have what we want. What they need is the chance to get it in a marketable condition to a market. I repeat, there is untold wealth in the mineral and agricultural resources of the country.

"Nicaragua also offers great opportunities for the investment of capital, with the present prospects for completing the ship canal and their system of railroads. Anyone investing in land on either side of the canal cannot miss it. A villa on the bank of Lake Nicaragua, with the stamers, its sailboats, its ideal climate—I tell you it is a grand thing."

Dr. Heath is enthusiastic over the opportunities and prospects for the establishment of trade with the Central American states and will gladly give any information he has regarding them to anyone wishing it.

## NEW FACTORY PROPOSED.

Denver Man Who Has Invented a Vot ing Machine Wants to Locate

in Kansas City. A Denver man who has invented a voting machine writes to Kansas City parties to know what inducements he can secure in the way of cash and land to locate his factory in Kansas City. He says the fac-tory would employ 400 or 500 skilled work-men, though he neglects to say whether his machine has been adopted by any state as yet. He says he wants to come to Kansas City because of the superior facilities for reaching all parts of the country.

Country.

Kansas City has a well developed voting machine factory, but it is of the wrong kind.

It was announced yesterday that Chicago's oldest grain firm is to be represented by a branch in Kansas City, beginning February I. The firm is the Weare Com-mission Company, of which P. B. Weare is the head, and Mr. Weare is said to have been longer in the grain business in Chibeen longer in the grain business in Chicago than any man now doing business there. Incidentally he is said to be worth several million dollars. He operates elevators at Chicago. Duluth and Minneapolis, runs a line of steamers on the lakes and another on the Pacific to Alaska, besides being interested in railroads, office buildings and other enterprises galore. The new office here will be in room 124, Exchange building, and the business will be under the management of C. W. Kinney. The firm also has branches in New York. Omaha, Duluth, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and, besides doing a large grain business, also operates in the speculative markets in grains, provisions and stocks. Its coming here will be a notable addition to the grain business of the city.

Window Home Products Show.

Twenty merchants have already signified their intention of taking part in the home product window show, which the Manufacturers' Association is fostering. It is thought that number will be doubled by the end of the week. At the "card and catalogue social" of the association next Monday evening, the list of merchants who will take part in the plan will be read.

This will enable each manufacturer to know who there will be handling his line of goods and he will, therefore, be enabled to assist in arranging for a liberal display. The window home product show will open Monday morning, February 6, and will continue for one week. Window Home Products Show.

## STATE SENATOR MARTHA H. CANNON.



On one joint ballot for United States senter in the Utah legislature Senator D. H. Perry, of Salt Lake, voted for State Senator Martha Hughes Cahnon. This, it is said, was the first vote ever cast for a woman for the United States senate.

Senator Perry thus explained his vote:

"Martha Hughes Cannon, although the plural wife of George Q. Cannon's brother,"

## POOLROOMS WILL OPEN

POLICE JUDGE BURNHAM KNOCKS OUT ANTI-GAMBLING ORDINANCE,

Recent City Legislation Declared Inoperative-Gambling Joints Will Be Open To-day-Authorities Will Go No Further.,

Kansas City is a wide open town again and vesterday poolroom men were wearing broad smiles and getting ready to open up for business. Judge Burnham knocked out n five minutes the anti-gambling ordinance that it took the council two weeks to

pass.

He had announced Wednesday that he would render his decision in the cases against commission firms charged with running bucketshops yesterday morning, and when court met the opinion was deivered from manuscript, the pith of it being in the last sentence, "The prisoners are discharged." Not only does Judge Burnham hold that the law is inoperative n regard to bucketshops, but also that it n no way affects poolrooms and the latter have just as much right to run as any other class of business. There is no difference between bucketshops and boards of trade, argues the opinion. Boards of trade are permitted and legalized the world over, therefore bucketshops are legal and an ordinance that prohibits what is legal s unconstitutional and void in its attempt to prohibit what may be illegal. The opinon in full is as follows:

"The informations against the various lefendants in these cases are all identical, and charge that the defendants did maintain and keep a place to which persons resorted and assembled for the purpose of betting, winning and losing money, property and things representing money and property upon the result of a certain event the fluctuations in the market price and value and quotation of certain articles and things.

"This is the charge against the board of trade members, Houston, Fible & Co., and the bucketshops, so-called.
"The ordinance provides that no personance provides the personance provides that no personance provides the personance provides that no personance provides the personance shall keep or maintain any place where persons may resort or assemble for purpose of betting, winning or losing money or property, or things representing money or property upon the result of any game or event, etc.

"The event in which the money was los or won was the fluctuation in the price of grain, stocks, etc. "The testimony disclosed the fact that the 'result of the event' was the same to the trader whether he bought or sold through members of the board of trade, or

manner of buying and seining were essentially the same.

"The buyer or seller put up the same margin, soid or closed out under the same circumstances and would make or lose the same, the difference being, to use the language of one of the board of trade members, "They bet with one another, while in the bucket shop they all bet with the preparieter." manner of buying and selling were essen-

brough a bucket shop, and the method and

while in the bucket shop they all bet with the proprietor."

"It is contended, it is true, that a board of trade sale or purchase contemplates an actual delivery of the grain, but this is impossible when it is in evidence that frequently more grain is bought and sold on the board of trade in one day than the whole world produces in a year. So that the only conclusion possible is that if the ordinance covers one, it covers all. "But boards of trade and their methods of dealing are permitted and sanctioned by the law the world over. In fact the city in these cases does not contend that they are illegal, except that they violate this ordinance.

"This presents the proposition whether or not an ordinance that within its terms republished these which is the same and the content of the content of

or not an ordinance that within its terms prohibits things which are legal, along with things recognized as illegal, can stand. In other words, is it left to the discretion of officials as to how far an ordinance of officials as to how far an ordinance.

prohibits things which are legal, along with things recognized as illegal, can stand. In other words, is it left to the discretion of officials as to how far an ordinance will be enforced?

"The supreme court in the case of St. Louis vs. the Helizberg Packing and Provision Company. 141 Mo., 388, says that when we have an unregulated official discretion, that of itself is enough to render the ordinance void.

"The law that is general in its terms must be good in all it comprehends, or it is void in toto. The reason for that rule may be found in the cases at bar.

"There are other objections fatal to this ordinance. There is no repealing clause in it. So we have this ordinance prohibiting bucket shops in general terms, yet on page 390 of revised ordinances bucket shops are specifically licensed. These ordinances are co-ordinate. One in general terms prohibits what the other in specific terms permits. The rule is that specific provisions control general terms.

"It has been suggested that this ordinance was directed particularly to the suppression of the poolrooms. If the council intended to close poolrooms, why didn't they say so in specific terms? That would present squarely the one and only question—that of constitutionality.

"The same state of affairs exists regarding poolrooms" as to bucket shops. This ordinance in general terms prohibits them, yet the revised ordinances, page 382, provides a license of \$300 for 'race tracks, including the right to sell pools on races run at such track.

"Again we have the specific permission, as against the general prohibition, and the specific would control.

"If it be said that ordinance could be enforced except as to rooms at race tracks, then we have identically the same case presented as the breeders bill of 1895 declared void by the supreme court.

"Not only does the city license pool selling, but the legislature, by an act in 1897, Laws, 1897, page 101, specifically licenses them.

"Can the city prohibit what the state law permits? An analogous case would be

Laws, 189, page 101, specifically licenses them.

"Can the city prohibit what the state law permits? An analogous case would be presented if the city should pass an ordinance prohibiting running of saloons. The state law licenses them. No one would contend the city could prohibit them.

"An ordinance must not only be within the limits of the charter, but in perfect subordination to the constitution and general law of the land and the rights dependent thereon. An ordinance which is repugnant either to the constitution or general laws is ipse facto void.

"The defendants are discharged."

Poolroom Men Jubilant.

Poolroom Men Jubilant. As soon as it became known that Judge Burnham would refuse to convict under the law, Louis Bliler, Bibbs, Oldham, and the law. Louis Biller, Bilbs, Oldham, and the rest of the poolroom keepers, conveyed word to their customers that they would be open as usual for business to-day and that no one need fear being arrested who wanted to come to their rooms and play the races. The police department will make no further attempt to enforce the law, as they consider that it would be useless to make arrests when it would be useless to make arrests when it would be impossible to secure convictions.

"If poolrooms could be closed on both sides of the line," said Chief Hayes, "It would please me much better. But closing them on this side simply herds across the line a class of people that we want to keep under control. I think now that the only thing to do is to license these places and make the license so high that they will be limited in number. Then by placing them under police control, excluding boys and drunkards, we can mitigate the cyll if we cannot entirely eradicate it. It has been intimated that the police department singled out the weakest part of the law to test it, but as the poolrooms closed up as soon as the ordinance passed, we had to look for offenders where we could find them."

As far as the city is concerned, all at-

them."

As far as the city is concerned, all attempts to enforce the law have ended, as the city afterney will not take an appeal to the criminal court. Want to Pay a License.

Satisfied with having gained a victory over the city in the police court, the poolroom keepers want to be magnanimous. and at the same time prevent any interand at the same time prevent any interruption of their business in the future. Through their attorneys, Lathrop, Morrow, Fox & Moore, they have made a proposition to the city council. If the city will legalize their business they will be willing to pay a license of \$1,800 per year.

The proposition was made last night in the form of an ordinance introduced by Alderman Peck. This ordinance provides that poolrooms shall be permitted to run in Kansas City and the license shall be under the control of the police commissioners and

shall be regulated the same as saloons, the commissioners to have the power to refuse any man a license, or to refuse to renew any license, if they believe the proprietor is not running an orderly place or is not complying strictly with the law. In addition the poolrooms are to be closed whenever any horse races are being run in Kanssa Chr.

whenever any horse races are being run in Kansas City.

When the clerk read the title of the ordinance Alderman Peck asked that it be referred to the police committee without further reading. Alderman Jewett objected, as he wanted to hear all of it, and when it was read stated that he would oppose it until the poolroom keepers were made to pay a larger revenue to the city.

"These men," said he, "are compelled to pay the telegraph company \$100 every morning before that company will agree to furnish them with a report of the races, and if they can afford to pay that amount to the telegraph company I don't propose to let them run in this city unless they contribute a good sum to the support of the city."

"I wish to explain" said Mr. Peck, "that

"I wish to explain," said Mr. Peck, "that "I wish to explain," said Mr. Peck, "that this is not my ordinance and I have nothing to do with it further than introducing it, which I did by request."

The ordinance was referred to the police committee without further debate. Mr. Peck introduced the ordinance at the request of Mr. Moore, a member of the law firm that has been retained by the poolroom keepers. There is very little probability of its passing as, in spite of the opinion of Judge Burnham to the contrary, a majority of the members of both houses believe that the state law prohibiting gambling is constitutional and they do not care to pass an ordinance conflicting with the state law.

## IT IS AN EASY GAME.

Manager of Dickey Dairy Company to Be Arrested for Violating

Label Law. A warfant will be issued to-day for the arrest of the manager of the Dickey Dairy Company, charging him with a violation of the law in regard to labeling cans containing skimmed milk. Yesterday Ruenzi, a clerk in the grocery of W. S. Pierce, at 600 Independence avenue, bought can of milk to the health department stating he was afraid to sell it to his customers as he thought there was something wrong with it. The milk was in a rusty looking two-gallon can, that apfilthy looking two-gallon can, that apparently had not been cleaned since it first went into use, many years ago. On the neck of the can was pasted a printed slip containing the words, "skim milk." The law requires that this inscription shall be placed on any can from which skim milk is sold, with brass letters, the letters to be soldered on the can. soldered on the can.
"By pasting on a printed silp," sald Health Officer Shirk, "It is an easy matter to defeat the law. It is no trouble for a milkman to tear that slip off when he thinks an inspector is not around and sell the contents of the can for fresh milk."

#### OPERA CHAIRS ARRIVE. First Carload for Convention Hall

Has Arrived-Setting Ready for the Concerts. The first carload of opera chairs for the

arena balcony of Convention hall has arrived and the work of putting them in place will begin at once. It is probable that arrangements will be made to place several hundred chairs in the south end of the arena balcony in the space not covered by the plat for the regular opera To do this, platforms will be built so

that the chairs will be arranged in a series of rising tiers, so that all will get a riew of the big stage at the north end the building. This stage, from which the Sousa concerts will be given, will be about on a level with the arena balcony. This is necessary so that the largest number of people possible will be able to see the stage and the acoustics will also be better, t is thought, than if the stage were lower.

Fair and Colder.

The mercury took a regular tumble yesterday and all day long it was a dozen degrees or so below the freezing point. But the day was a bright one and there was very little wind

bright one and there was very little wind to make matters any worse. And it is going to continue to drop. Colonel Connor is not altogether sure about how long it is going, but says that he does not think that it will get uncomfortably close to the zero mark. The official prediction for to-day is "gen-

get uncomfortably close to the zero mark.
The official prediction for to-day is "generally fair and colder."
The hourly readings of the thermometer yesterday were as follows:

Law and Credit Company Directors

At the meeting of the Law and Credit Company yesterday afternoon, the follow-ing directors were elected for the ensuing year: N. F. Heitman, J. W. Winsborough, Eryear: N. F. Heitman, J. W. Winsborough, Er-nest E. Smith, M. W. Barber and Albert E. Smith. Ernest E. Smith was elected pres-ident and A. E. Smith secretary.

PEOPLE IN SOCIETY.

Mr. F. C. Marsh and son are in Florida. Miss Parish, of Marshall, Mo., is visiting Mrs. Robert L. Yeager, Jr. Mrs. W. G. Baird is entertaining Miss Fannie Bell, of Georgetown, Ky. Miss Catherine Ross has returned from Chicago after a fortnight's visit. Mrs. Frank Howe is entertaining Mrs. Edward C. Moulton, of St. Louis. Mrs. Frank Moody, of Chicago, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Austin B. Bridges. Mrs. Fred Doggett and Miss Frances Matteson will return from Chicago to-

Miss Georgiana Ketcham entertained a small party of girl friends at luncheon last Tuesday. The Imperial Club will meet with Mrs. A. T. Hillyard, 1209 Broadway, on Wednes-day, February 8.

Miss Claire Culp left Wednesday last for Chatham, Ont., where she will visit Dr. and Mrs. William Tye. Mrs. Amanda Marsh and Mrs. H. C. Slavens left yesterday for Daytona, Fla., to remain until spring.

Dr. E. J. Norman, of Eureka, Kas., is spending a week with Mrs. Emily Menager and family, 1014 East Ninth street.

Mrs. Henry Van Brunt has issued invitations for Wednesday, February 1, from 3 to 7 o'clock, in compliment to Mrs. Henry Jones.

The Parliamentary Drill Club will meet at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon in Arling-ton hall. Quotations will be from William Cullen Bryant.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Doggett issued in-vitations Wednesday for the marriage of their daughter, Frances Blossom Matteson, and Mr. Justin Dewitt Bowersock, on Wednesday afternoon, February S, at 6 o'clock, at the family residence, 1032 Penn-sylvania avenue.

Miss Blanche Purdy's afternoon card party yesterday was a pretty compliment to Miss Eleanor Craig, of Philadelphia, who is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. H. J. S. Seeley, Miss Craig is a vocalist of unusual powers, and a finished planist, being a graduate of the Philadelphia conservatory.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay H. Neff's guests at dinner last evening were:

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Keever,
Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Green,
Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Fuller,
Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Green,
Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Fuller,
Mr. and Mrs. George Neff,
Mr. Ralph Green.

Mrs. Backus-Behr's pupils, chaperoned by Mrs. Behr and Mrs. Ida DaFoe Hardy, of Belleville, Kas., will occupy two boxes at the Carreno concert this evening, which, by the way, is to be a full dress occasion and, necessarily, a brilliant event. Mrs. Behr's guests will be:

SIGNERS TO MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL OF PARADE PROTEST.

loseph Lorie, George F. Winter and Thomas H. Swope Declare They

Never Authorized the Use

of Their Names.

How many of the names used in filing he motion for a new trial of the Parade condemnation case in Judge Slover's court east three have protested that the us of their names was not authorized.

Joseph Lorie, who is one of the seventeen property owners alleged to be protesting against the verdict, knew nothing of the motion until he read of it yesterday and aw that his name was included among Thomas H. Swope declares that he is satisfied with the verdict. His name was

used also. George F. Winter, whose name headed the list of signatures to the motion filed

the list of signatures to the motion filed by Attorneys F. M. Black and O. H. Dean, was asked last night about it.

"I did not authorize the use of my name," he said.
"Do you favor the Parade?"
"No. I do not think the location is good, but I did not authorize the use of my name in this motion."
"Do you know of any others whose names were used without authority?"
"I know that Mr. Swope's name was used without his consent and I think that H. L. McElroy's name was so used also."
The names attached to the motion were: George F. Winter, Joseph Lorle, William Askew, Thomas H. Swope, Home Realty Com-W. L. Hall, pany, Navnie I Rell L. H. Porter.

William Askew, Thomas H. Swope, Home Realty Com-W. L. Hall, pany, J. H. Oglebay, Nannie J. Bell, J. B. Porter, Joseph B. Bell, J. L. Porter, H. L. McElroy, W. E. Hall, Francis Foster, J. W. Wood, Interstate Loan and F. M. Oglebay. Trust Company, The committee of South side property holders appointed last week to inquire into the cost of and to protest against the Parade will hold a meeting at the Midland hotel to-night and make its report. The report states that the condemnation value of the ground is \$142,000 and as the majority of this is assessed against property on the north side of the Belt line the committee does not see its way to stand in the way of the plans of the park board. The report also suggests that the organization be made permanent with the end in view of securing Troost park for a South side park.

#### SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION Will Last Two Days and Will Begin at Emanuel Baptist Church

To-day. A two days' Sunday school convention will be held at the Emanuel Baptist church, Nineteenth and Woodland, beginning to-day. Addresses will be delivered by Dr. Green, president of William Jewell college; Dr. Breaker, of St. Louis, and pastors and Sunday school workers of the city. The object is to increase the interest in Sunday school work.

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers and others whose occupation gives little exer-cise should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness.

A Youthful Traveler.

Matron Shull, of the Union depot, yesterday cared for a very youthful triveler who had to wait between trains. He was Earl Blevins, 6 years old, who was on his way from Guthrie to Litchield, Ill. He was given a lunch and a basket of fruit when he resumed his long journey.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or con-stipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

Don't forget the Burlington's new local train for Leavenworth, Atchison and St. Joseph, leaving at 4:25 p. m. First train out in the afternoon.

### NEW LIFE IN ELECTRICITY.

A London Doctor Says We May Live Longer if We Use the Galvanie Current.

LONDON, Jan. 21.-Do we age more slow-

ly than our forefathers? The question is asked by Dr. W. A. Hollis, physician at the Sussex county hospital, in this week's Lancet and answered by himself in the affirmative. He quotes statistics in support of his argument, and refers to many cases of famous veterans in Europe who continue to uphold their early reputations for longevity, which he says is one of the most striking features of the present age. Apropos of the above Dr. J. Althins discusses the question how to prevent old age, and says the only way is to use the galvanic current which he has studied and experimented upon over forty years. He lays the charge against doctors for having far too long neglected electricity in cases of debility and exhaustion. He has known men prematurely aged to look ten years younger after treatment. be restored in temper, take fresh interest in life and have quicker digestion and healthier sieep.

Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt is the result of years of patient study and experiment on the treatment and observation of the cause of Sexual Debility, Undeveloped Organs, Kidney, Liver and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Female Complaints, etc. Electricity as applied by my Belt is perfectly safe—never weakens the patient as do drugs, which really oppose instead of adding nature—it never obliges a person to neglect business; it exercises the most healthy influence upon every nerve, muscle and blood vessel; also on the brain, spinal cord, and glands, as well as every portion of the body pertaining to the sexual organs is awakened into a new life and vigor.

Electricity should not enter the human system in a series of shocks and joits, as it does when applied by an ordinary battery. My Belt gives a strong, but gentle, soothing, unwavering current, that is a positive pleasure to the patinue to uphold their early reputations for longevity, which he says is one of the

ary battery. My Belt gives a strong, but gentle, soothing, un-wavering current, that is a positive pleasure to the pattent—it acts promptly upon every fliament, tissue and nerve that, united, form the body, allaying all irritation, eradicating every morbid agent, every poison, invigorating the debilitated organs, enriching the impoverished fluids, building up the flagging nervous energies, imparting vigor to the body and mind and bringing every healthy faculty into play.

I do not merely promise you a cure—I guarantee it. I know exactly what my Belt will do. I have seen it tested in thousands of cases; hundreds of skeptics have come to me and thanked me for the great good it has done them. It restores the health, strength and vigor of youth; makes weak men strong and strong men stronger. Do you not think it is time for you to be up and doing? Does not every sentiment of manhood left in you cry out for prompt action? Do not waste golden hours asking yourself if you shall purchase one of Dr. Bennett's Electric Belts; they cost only \$8, \$10, \$15 and \$20.

But do your part and place yourself in my hands. I promise my Belt will do for you what it has the proud distinction of doing for thousands of others—cure you. My Electrical Suspensory, for the permanent cure of the various weaknesses of men, is free to every male purchaser of one of my Belts.

Call or write—I will send you my symptom blanks, literature and a valuable book about Electricity. I will keep your correspondence sacredly confidential and guarantee you speedy relief and a permanent cure. My Belt will be worth life itself. Sold only by

BENNETT ELECTRIC CO., 553 Gibraltar Bldg., Kansas City, Mo. 818 Wyandotte St.

#### \* MISREPRESENTED

Emery, Bird, Thayer von Emery, Bird, Thayer von

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 27.—Yesterday's temperature: Max., 23; min., 16. To-day

To-morrow, Saturday, we are going to sell merchandise all over the Store at great reductions in prices. We believe it will pay you to do your shopping here to-morrow.

Walnut Emery, Bird, Thayer voo. 1104.54

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## SABINE PASS

MAPS, ILLUSTRATED LITERATURE, ETC.,

SABINE LAND and IMPROVEMENT CO.

SABINE PASS, TEXAS.

# Forest Kill Cemetery

Public Receiving Vault is the largest and most costly in the West. Three hundred

and twenty acres of land. Offices, New York Life building. Tel. 1774. Fund Established for Perpetual Maintenance. NEW ENGLAND NATIONAL BANK, Trustee.



#### BERNARD CORRIGAN, R. W. TUREMAN, CHARLES F. ADAMS, M. CE MINOT, Safe Deposit Boxes Rented and All Kinds of Valuables Safe

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